

# Bergen County Mathematics League

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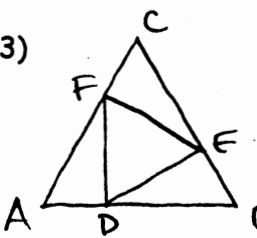
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## Brief Contest Solutions #6

2012-2013

6-1)  $a_{n+1} - a_n = a_n - a_{n-1} = 3$   
 $\therefore (-1)a_{n-1} + 2a_n = a_{n+1}$  } All pass through  $\boxed{(-1, 2)}$   
 $\begin{matrix} \uparrow & \uparrow \\ x & y \end{matrix}$

6-2) Let the expression be  $E(a, b, c)$ .  
 Then  $E(-b, b, c) = -b(b^2 - 2bc + c^2) + b(c^2 + 2bc + b^2) + c(4b^2) - 8b^2c = 0$   
 We could then expect  $(a+b)$  to be a factor.  
 Similarly, we would expect  $(b+c)$  and  $(c+a)$  to be factors.  
 Hence, for some  $k$ , we expect  $E(a, b, c) = k(a+b)(b+c)(c+a)$ .  
 But, this equality is an identity. Equating coefficients of  $a^2b$ ,  
 $1 = k$ . Thus  $E(a, b, c) = \boxed{(a+b)(a+c)(b+c)}$ .

6-3)   
 $K_{ADF} = \frac{2}{9} K_{ABC} = K_{BED} = K_{ECF}$   
 $K_{ADF} + K_{BED} + K_{ECF} = \frac{6}{9} K_{ABC}$   
 $\therefore K_{DEF} = \frac{3}{9} K_{ABC} = \frac{1}{3} K_{ABC}$  and  $\boxed{k=3}$

6-4) Let  $u = \log_y x$ . Then  $\log_x y = \frac{1}{u}$  and  $u + \frac{1}{u} = \frac{10}{3} = 3 + \frac{1}{3}$

If  $u = 3$ ,  $\boxed{y = x^{1/3}}$   
 If  $u = \frac{1}{3}$ ,  $\boxed{y = x^3}$

6-5)  $\begin{cases} a = \text{speed of A} \\ b = \text{speed of B} \end{cases} \therefore \begin{cases} 2a = 2b + 1 & (\text{A runs 1 km more}) \\ \frac{4}{a} = \frac{4 - \frac{b}{30}}{b} & (\text{Time for A} = \text{Time for B}) \end{cases}$   
 $\therefore 120b = 120a - ab$   
 $120b = 60(2b+1) - \frac{b}{2}(2b+1)$   $b^2 + \frac{b}{2} - 60 = 0$

6-6) The domain of  $f$  is  $x < -1$  or  $x \geq 1$   $(2b-15)(b+8) = 0$   
 $b = \boxed{7\frac{1}{2}}$   
 Domain of  $f - \text{Domain of } g$  is  $x < -1$ , so largest such integer is  $\boxed{-2}$ .