

Bergen County Mathematics League

Problem Author:
Steve Conrad
www.mathleague.com



Problem Editor:
Dan Flegler
www.mathleague.com

Brief Contest Solutions #3

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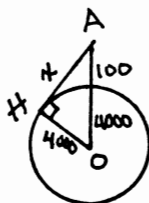
3-1) The given expression is the expression that results from expanding $(86-87)^5$ by the binomial theorem, so the value is $(-1)^5 = \boxed{-1}$.

3-2) Let $y = x^2 + 2x$, and then $\frac{1}{y-4} + \frac{18}{y+1} - \frac{18}{y} = 0$. Clearing fractions, we get $y^2 - 17y + 72 = (y-9)(y-8) = 0$. If $y = x^2 + 2x = 9$, then $x = \boxed{-4, 2}$.
If $y = x^2 + 2x = 8$, we get no other integral solutions.

3-3) $(x+y)^2 = x^2 + y^2 + 2 \Leftrightarrow x^2 + 2xy + y^2 = x^2 + y^2 + 2 \Leftrightarrow xy = 1$. The only integer solutions are $\boxed{(1, 1), (-1, -1)}$.

3-4) It is clear that if $m > 6$ AND $n > 6$, there is no solution possible for $\frac{4}{m} + \frac{2}{n} = 1$. There is a solution for $(6, 6)$. For any other solution, either m or n (not both) must be < 6 . Clearly $m = 1, 2, 3, 4$ do not work. For $m = 5$, $\frac{4}{5} + \frac{2}{n} = 1$ when $n = 10$, so $(5, 10)$ is a solution. Now try $n = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5$. The four solutions are $\boxed{(6, 6), (5, 10), (12, 3), (8, 4)}$.

3-5)



$$x^2 + 4000^2 = 4100^2, \text{ so } x = \sqrt{4100^2 - 4000^2} = \sqrt{(4100+4000)(4100-4000)} = \sqrt{(8100)(100)} = 90 \times 10 = \boxed{900}$$

3-6)

	Now	Then	Future
Man	6x	5x	7x
Sam	5x	4x	6x

Let $6x =$ man's current earnings, in dollars

$$7x + 6x = 117000, \text{ so } x = 9000$$

$$\text{and } 6x = 6(9000) = \boxed{54,000}$$