Bergen County Mathematics League

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2-1. For $a \neq 0$, $n^2 > n^2 - a^2 = (n + a)(n - a)$, thus $n^2 > (n + a)(n - a)$ holds for all nonzero *a*. We have $2015! = 1 \times 2 \times 3 \times \ldots \times 1008 \times \ldots \times 2013 \times 2014 \times 2015$. The middle term is 1008, so $1008^2 > 1007 \times 1009 > 1006 \times 1010 > \ldots > 1 \times 2015$. Thus $1008^{2015} > 2015!$.



The possible values of n are 0, 1, 2, 3, 4.

2-3. We have $x^4 + 12x^3 + 36x^2 - 10 = (x^2 + 6x)^2 - 10 = 45^2 - 10 = 2015$.

- 2-4. Let v m/s be the speed of the tortoise. We see that the speed of the hare was 5v m/s. The hare actually ran 9900m, and the tortoise actually ran 10000m. The match took $\frac{10000}{v}$ seconds (because the tortoise was running all the time). The hare ran for $\frac{9900}{5v}$ seconds and slept for the rest of the time. The hare slept for $\frac{10000}{v} - \frac{9900}{5v}$ seconds. During the time that the hare was sleeping, the tortoise ran $v\left(\frac{10000}{v} - \frac{9900}{5v}\right) = 8020$ m.
- 2-5. We have AB = 5. By area, we see that $AC \times BC = AB \times CD$, which is $3 \times 4 = 5CD$. Thus, CD = 12/5. Using the Pythagorean Theorem on $\triangle BCD$, we get BD = 16/5. In $\triangle BCD$, we have $BD \times CD = BC \times DE$, or (16/5)(12/5) = 4DE. Therefore, DE = 48/25. [Note: Use similar right triangles for an alternate solution.]

2-6. Divide the problem into cases. Different letters represent different dishes:

- 1. 4 different dishes (*ABCD*): There are $\binom{10}{4}$ = 210 possibilities.
- 2. Exactly 2 boxes have the same dish (*AABC*): There are $\binom{10}{3}\binom{3}{1} = 360$ possibilities.
- 3. 2 pairs of the same dishes (*AABB*): There are $\binom{10}{2}$ = 45 possibilities.
- 4. Exactly 3 boxes have the same dish (*AAAB*): There are $\binom{10}{2}\binom{2}{1} = 90$ possibilities.
- 5. All of the boxes contain the same dish (AAAA): There are $\binom{10}{1}$ = 10 possibilities.

Adding the possibilities from these 5 cases, there are a total of 715 possibilities.

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